



Personal Tax Rates

Quebec Non-Refundable Tax Credit Rates and Amounts for 2020

Tax rate applied to credits ¹	15%
Indexation factor ²	1.72%
Basic personal amount	\$15,532
Amounts for dependants:	
Child under 18 engaged in full-time training or post-secondary studies ³	2,983
Child over 17 who is a full-time student ⁴	See Note
Other dependants over 17 ⁵	4,348
Person living alone or with a dependant: ⁶	
Basic amount ⁷	1,780
Single-parent amount (supplement) ⁸	2,197
Age 65 and over ⁶	3,267
Career extension ⁹	
Age 60 to 64	10,000
Age 65 and over	11,000
Pension ⁶ (max)	2,902
Disability	3,449
First-time home buyers ¹⁰	5,000
Union and professional dues ¹¹	10%
Tuition fees ¹²	8%
Interest paid on student loans ¹³	20%
Medical expenses ¹⁴	20%
Charitable donations ¹⁵	
Credit rate on first \$200	20%
Credit rate on balance	24/25.75%

The information contained herein is of a general nature and is not intended to address the circumstances of any particular individual or entity. Although we endeavor to provide accurate and timely information, there can be no guarantee that such information is accurate as of the date it is received or that it will continue to be accurate in the future. No one should act on such information without appropriate professional advice after a thorough examination of the particular situation.

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Current as of June 30, 2020

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Notes

- (1) In order to determine the credit value, each dollar value must be multiplied by the Quebec's tax credit rate. For example, the basic personal credit amount of \$15,532 is multiplied by 15% to determine the credit value of \$2,330.

The unused portion of all non-refundable credits may be transferred from one spouse/partner to another, but only after all credits have been taken into account in the calculation of the individual's income tax otherwise payable.
- (2) Quebec indexes its tax credits each year by using an inflation factor that is calculated based on the provincial rate of inflation, excluding changes in liquor and tobacco taxes. The Quebec inflation factor is 1.72% for 2020. For the purpose of calculating the basic personal amount and personal tax credits, Quebec's tax legislation stipulates automatic indexation.
- (3) This credit is available for a dependent child who is under the age of 18 and is engaged in full-time professional training or post-secondary studies for each completed term, to a maximum of two semesters per year per dependant. It is also available for infirm dependants who are engaged in such activities part-time.
- (4) An eligible student is able to transfer to either parent an amount relating to an unused portion of their basic personal credit amount for the year (transfer mechanism for the recognized parental contribution). Each taxation year, the amount that can be transferred must not exceed the limit applicable for that particular year (\$10,662 for 2020).
- (5) This credit is available if the dependant, other than the spouse, is related to the taxpayer by blood, marriage or adoption and ordinarily lives with the taxpayer. In order to be eligible for the tax credit, the taxpayer must also not have benefited from a transfer of the recognized parental contribution from this dependant.
- (6) The total of the credit amounts for being 65 years of age or over, for living alone or with a dependent, and for receiving pension income is reduced by 18.75% of the amount by which net family income exceeds \$35,205.
- (7) The basic amount is available if the individual lives in a self-contained domestic establishment that he/she maintains and in which no other person, other than himself/herself, a minor person, or an eligible student lives of whom the individual is either the father, mother, grandfather or grandmother, or the great-grandfather or great-grandmother.
- (8) If an individual (i.e. father or mother) is living with an eligible student (i.e. a person who is 18 or over and is a post-secondary or vocational training student who transferred or could have transferred an amount to the single-parent (see note (4))), the individual may be able to add an amount for a single-parent family of \$2,197 to the basic amount for a person living alone (see note (7)).
- (9) For 2020, this credit is available for workers who are 60 years of age or older. For workers aged 60 to 64, the credit applies at a 15% rate to \$10,000 of "eligible work income" in excess of \$5,000. For workers aged 65 and over, the credit applies at a 15% rate to \$11,000 of "eligible work income" in excess of \$5,000. The credit for workers aged 60 and over is reduced by 5% of "eligible work income" over \$35,205. "Eligible work income" includes salary and business income, but excludes taxable benefits received for a previous employment as well as amounts deducted in computing taxable income, such as the stock option deduction.

Any unused portion of the tax credit may not be carried forward or transferred to the individual's spouse.

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Current as of June 30, 2020

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Notes, continued

- (10) Quebec offers a first-time home buyers non-refundable tax credit of up to \$5,000 and worth up to \$750 ($\$5,000 \times 15\%$) for a housing unit located in Québec and that is acquired after December 31, 2017. To qualify, the individual or his or her spouse has to intend to inhabit the home as a principal place of residence not later than one year after the time of acquisition and neither the individual nor his or her spouse can have owned and lived in another home in the calendar year of the new home purchase or in any of the four preceding calendar years.
- (11) The credit for union and professional dues is calculated based on the annual fees paid in the year. The portion of professional dues relating to liability insurance is allowed as a deduction from income and therefore not included in calculating the credit amount.
- (12) The tuition credit is calculated based on tuition, professional examination and mandatory ancillary fees paid for the calendar year. Tuition fees qualify for an 8% non-refundable credit for Quebec tax purposes. The student may transfer the unused portion of the tuition credit to either one of his/her parents or grandparents. The portion of this credit that is not transferred will be available for future use by the student.
- (13) Interest paid on student loans is converted into a tax credit at a rate of 20%. Interest not claimed in a particular year may be carried forward indefinitely.
- (14) The medical expense credit is calculated based on qualified medical expenses in excess of 3% of family income. Family income is the total income of both spouses/partners. Eligible medical expenses and eligible expenses to obtain medical care not provided in the region where an individual lives will continue to be converted into a tax credit at the rate of 20%.
- (15) Charitable donations made by both spouses/partners may be totalled and claimed by either person. The maximum amount of donations that may be claimed in a year is 100% of net income. However, all donations may be carried forward for five years (or 10 years for certain particular donations) if they are not claimed in the year made.

Quebec's tax credit is 20% on the first \$200 of eligible gifts. If the individual taxpayer's income exceeds \$108,390 in 2020, then he/she may be eligible to a 25.75% donation credit on the lesser of eligible gifts made in excess of \$200 and his/her income in excess of \$108,390. All other donations that do not fall into either the 20% or 25.75% category, will receive a 24% tax credit on donations.